TOWN OF BARRINGTON, NH LAND USE DEPARTMENT Vanessa Price, Town Planner



Zoning Board of Adjustment Members

Tracy Hardekopf, Chair Paul Thibodeau, Vice Chair Cheryl Huckins Alexandra Simocko Jackie Flanagan

Meeting Minutes Zoning Board of Adjustment (ZBA) November 15, 2023, at 7:00 P.M. APPROVED DECEMBER 20, 2023

- 1. CALL TO ORDER
- 2. PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE
- 3. ROLL CALL

Members Present: Tracy Hardekopf, Paul Thibodeau, Jackie Flanagan, Cheryl Huckins, Alexandra

Simocko

Staff Present: Town Planner: Vanessa Price, Zoning Administrator: John Huckins

4. ACTION ITEMS:

A. CONTINUED CASE:

1. 226-50-14-NR-23-Var (Owners: Daryl & Michelle Kelly) Request by applicant for a Variance from Article 3, Section 3.1.6 Site Plan Review Regulations and Article 19 Commercial Keeping of Farm Animals at 17 Coachman Drive (Map 226, Lot 50-4) in the Neighborhood Regional Zoning District. (Continued Case from October 18, 2023.)

T. Hardekopf read the application description.

Michelle Kelly is representing herself for the case file. She started off the discussion with a visual board, showing photos of the site and described the site to the board. The lot size is 1.957 acres, they are the original owners of the property and bought it several years ago through auction. Ms. Kelly is retired and has always had a desire for animals as she grew up on a large dairy farm.

Ms. Kelly expressed she realized there has been a concern expressed by her neighbors, about they had they they don't really want us to have animals. She stated that the animals are not for commercial use. This is for personal use, and she stated that commercial use is a bit of a mischaracterization, even though it doesn't specify if there isn't an alternative specification and the in the zoning ordinance. They made sure of that when they looked at the ordinance.

Ms. Kelly described there is a fence that is under eight feet, the fence can be seen around the perimeter. For the safety of the animals, as well as so that they won't wander, they do have some chickens that are free range. The benefit of those chickens free ranging is to eradicate harmful insects such as ticks and so forth, and she stated they just have done a really good job because we haven't found any ticks on our children,

myself or visitors. Also, we obtained three buff geese from the Midwest. She did a lot of research on the animals, they're great guardians for the goats. She stated they own two miniature Nigerian Goats. Ms. Kelly described the purpose of the geese are for goats to be guardians as well as once once the mail chooses which female he wants, because they mate for life. She stated that the other goose may be used for personal meat production.

Ms. Kelly addressed the board with the noise, stating that as she read the Barrington Town noise ordinance, that agriculture is excluded from that noise ordinance. This is also stated in the New Hampshire RSA. She stated that they have obtained Crow callers for the Roosters to try to keep the crowing down, out of consideration for their neighbors. Their roosters, Elvis and Ruffles, don't grow that much. She continued to describe that the roosters benefit of them being around is watch over the hens and alert to any concerns. Ms. Kelly clarified a question of during the site walk about whether all the hens are laying. He hens are not currently all laying yet since the majority of them are very young hens. Once they all lay start laying eggs, they expect no more than a production of about 30 eggs a week, approximately two and a half dozen. She went on to explain that in her family, there is her husband and three adult boys. She stated that two and a half dozen eggs don't go too far, but it is for personal use. Ms. Kelly said that she liked the fact that she knows what these chickens are eating, and what's going into the eggs and what's going into the frying pan or into the baking recipe or whatever.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> addressed the applicant she didn't mean to interrupt the presentation, but asked after Ms. Kelly finishes the narrative, to begin to go through the five components of your application under the description of request and then the special conditions that you feel exist in relation to the variance.

Ms. Kelly was in agreement.

Ms. Kelly continued with the presentation to address the question of odor. She stated that they were allowed two site inspection by code enforcement. The first site inspection by the the zoning inspector, Mr. Jameson, gave a very positive review. She stated that he had visited the site on three different occasions, both on our side and on the abutting property and could not detect any offensive odor. She stated that they try to take really good care of that issue and they take the organic waste and put it in compost bins. Ms. Kelly asked <u>T. Hardekopf</u> that she was ready to move on to the next portion and asked for clarification on where to start.

T. Hardekopf addressed the applicant to turn to the part in the application where the justification for the variance and its special conditions exist so that the public can hear the rationale for this audience.

Ms. Kelly addressed the board with the criteria for a variance.

Ms. Kelly stated a request for the conditions under Zoning ordinance 15.2.3(1)(a) a special condition exists such that literal enforcement of the ordinance will result in unnecessary hardship to the applicant as defined under applicable law. Her response to this is it is our desire for these animals for our own benefit as a food source. She stated not allowing the variance would put them in a very difficult place as far as relocating or having to turn away the goats that she loves very much, and the purpose of the goats is to for milk production. She stated she has Larissa to speak to her regarding this.

Ms. Kelly continued with, as far as the benefit in that regard, 15.2.3(1)(b) granting variance would be consistent with the spirit of the ordinance. Her response to this is these animals are loved as pets and have been a blessing for her retirement years. She stated that they also eat the harmful Poison Ivy and the insects on the property. She noted that she had to prior seek medical attention from the Posin Ivy, even though she hasn't even gotten close to it necessarily, but by doing gardening. Additionally, she discussed how her son, Levi, had gotten a tick bite and had to receive treatment for Lymes disease. She stated he had to be treated for it because he has special needs. She expressed she didn't want to have additional risk to his health, and she requests the variance to be granted for this purpose.

Ms. Kelly continued with 15.2.3(1)(c) granting variance will not result in a diminution of surrounding property values. Her response in consulting with her attorney, he had said that because the ordinance itself allows for people, citizens of the town of Barrington, to have farm animals for personal use, that it, that's a given as far as the the real estate and property values, it's understood unless you're in some kind of a a neighborhood where there's a home owners association which restricts or makes further conditions to your property. It's understood that those are allowed, and it shouldn't impact on the property value if it's well managed. Ms. Kelly agreed with her consultation with her attorney and stated that asking for that because the board has seen how the animals are managed.

Ms. Kelly continued with 15.2.3(1)(d) granting the variance would do a substantial justice. Her response to this is these animals meet our food and emotional needs. She described that when she goes to sit back there, there's even people who come and visit the property, talk about how peaceful it is back there and the love of these animals. She described that she would sit there, and the chickens would just come around and and the geese gather around her. She stated her love for all of them and pet them and scratch their bellies and it's really emotionally beneficial for her and for the people that come to visit.

Ms. Kelly continued with 15.2.3(1)(e) granting of the variance would not be contrary to public interest. Her response to this is she has been in touch with a program called Life Bridge for Young people. This is for those who are struggling with emotional issues and so forth, and she is hoping that perhaps just as a ministry, and and benefiting other people to use these animals to encourage young people to have the same benefit that they benefit me.

Ms. Kelly continued with 15.2.3(2) for purposes of this subparagraph, unnecessary hardship means that owing special conditions of the property that distinguish it from other properties in the area. Her response to this is she doesn't know what's really distinguishes us from other properties in the area other than the fact that we've been there a long time and we've loved being here.

Ms. Kelly continued with 15.2.3(2)(a) no fair and a substantial relationship exists between the general public purposes of the ordinance provision and the specific application of the provisioned and the to the property; and 15.2.3(2)(b) the proposed use is reasonable. Her response to this is she was very, very selective in what animals are because the current ordinance allows for pigs, horses and cows for the same amount of space, whereas most websites find that goats don't require a full acre. Ms. Kelly addressed the board with she was sure there's a reason why the horses you're treating the horse the same as the goat and the horse the same as the pig and so forth. She commented to the board that's probably where your wisdom comes into play here. Ms. Kelly went on to describe that the goats don't produce, immense amounts of waste or anything. She stated they are very sweet, like a couple of middle-sized dogs.

Ms. Kelly commented that several long-standing citizens and neighbors are very supportive of them having these animals. She addressed the board that she just asks that maybe you can that you would grant me this because it's it's maybe one or two individuals that may not see things the same way we do, but there's a whole community that is supportive of raising chickens, poultry, goats and, small animals like that. Again, I do appreciate if you if I could have just a couple minutes for Larissa, just she actually has been a great resource for me.

T. Hardekopf stated that the board would comment after hearing her witness.

Ms. Kelly was in agreement.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> addressed town staff to provide us with a breakdown of what would be allowable on the lot, the size that we are discussing tonight with this case.

John Huckins stated that the regulation state for the smaller animals that she has, you can have one for every 5000 square feet.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> asked how many could be allowed on the 1.95 aces.

John Huckins stated in square footage of 90,000, she could have 17 of the small animals. According to the small animals, by the what the regulation says is chickens, ducks, rabbits and other similar animals. That's the one for every 5000 square feet. He stated that all the small animals she has there, other than the goats, meet that definition.

T. Hardekopf asked Ms. Kelly, "How many animals do you have on the property, excluding the two goats?"

Ms. Kelly answered 12 chickens and three geese.

John Huckins addressed the board stating that goats are based on one for every 40,000 square feet. He stated that if she didn't have any chickens or geese, she could have the two goats. But the combination of all of them puts her over the allowable amount. Mr. Huckins discussed that he assisted in writing the regulation years ago due to another animal issue. He researched and took the information from UNH, and it was based on best management practices by handling manure. When the town was looking at a definition, we tried to find something that was not overly complicated. Working with the planning board for a definition, we did small animals and large animals. He stated they didn't think to do medium-sized animals, which we probably could have, which would have been a different number. Mr. Huckins continued the way this is written; you could actually go to the planning board if you have less. Additionally, if you have more you want to have more animals in this allowed you can go there as a farm and ask to have it as a commercial keeping of farm animals. However, Mr. Huckins addressed the applicant that he understood the applicant's rationale is that it is not commercial farm animals and that's the reason why you were looking for the variance.

Ms. Kelly answered yes. They're more like pets and there is no sale of eggs and milk.

Vanessa Price addressed the board there was a question about HOA, and the town does not enforce HOA.

T. Hardekopf asked Ms. Kelly if she had someone to speak on her behalf.

Ms. Kelly answered Yes.

Larissa Mullin, from Milton Mills, NH, introduced herself to the board. She stated that she has been breeding Nigerian dwarf dairy goats for about 15 years now and have actually probably sold about 15 or 20 Nigerian dwarf Dairy Goats, to various people who live in this town. She explained to the board that this is the first time that we've had to deal with something like this, and is happy to help out and just speak in regards to the goats. She stated that it was interesting about UNH and the best practices for sizes of animals. Ms. Mullin described that Nigerian dwarf dairy goats are relatively new breed, so perhaps when that was written they weren't as popular as they are now. The larger sized dairy goats, which would make sense for more space, are typically about 200 pounds. Nigerian dwarf dairy goats are about 50 pounds, so they're much, much much smaller animals in and so they do not require nearly as much space. She stated that she teaches several classes for people about dairy goats, and we speak of the space. Ms. Mullin stated that typically, she recommends about 135 square feet per goat. She stated that she has about 20 dairy goats that live on her farm, which is 4 acres. She stated that they probably spend their most of their time in a space about the size of this room [the meeting room], so they don't mean nearly as much space as something like a cow or a horse because they're not grazing animals, they're more browsers so they'll eat shrubs and things like that as opposed to needing lots of grass for lots of space. She expressed that's one of the rationales for them not needing as much space. In terms of shelter, something as small as approximately 10 square feet is probably something that they would need. She continued to explain that it was already covered before, but the the

different benefits of them on the majority of the goats she sells, even though she is a commercial dairy (because they're so small and personable and sweet), the majority of them go to folks like these who have them as pets. Ms. Mullin stated that just like Michelle and Darrell, the majority, they usually start out as pets. She stated that she originally started out with two goats and thought they would be pets and they still are pets for me. Ms. Mullin explained that mainly the one reason why people carry that you have them also they do a wonderful job of eating Poison Ivy, getting rid of brush for milk, Nigerian dwarf dairy goats are really pretty impressive milkers they can be in milk typically, you know about 10 months up to several years as long as two years can be a length of a lactation. There is not they need to be bred constantly. Ms. Mullin emphasized they are really a very nice small kind of pet with a few little benefits. She told the board that she is happy to answer any kind of specific questions anybody has in terms of spacing or housing because that's what she does all day long every day.

A. Simocko had a question for Ms. Mullin regarding animal waste. She asked: What is the relative waste between the typical pet like a comparable sized dog and a goat?

Ms. Mullin stated that is a really great question because goats have a very different digestive system than dogs, cows and horses. She explained they are ruminants, so they have 4 stomachs and they're able to turn something like hey which seems very non digestible and because they have a room and a big fermentation VAT which is what they used to digest their food, they can go from something like hey and really extract majority of the nutrients out of it. She stated she was trying to think of the best answer because it's not very appetizing.

A. Simocko stated that she meant in volume.

Ms. Mullin answered she would say much less than a dog and it's something that composts very quickly, doesn't really have much of an odor because there's really not a lot of leftover material in it, they're they're digestive system is so good at extracting those nutrients that there's really not a lot left coming back out of them. She gave the example that one always sees the the old adage of like a goat eating a tin can and goat seating, cardboard and things like that. She explained it's just because their digestive system is so efficient at turning something that's really inedible into food that they just really, they do a great job.

Ms. Kelly addressed the board regarding research on the benefits of the milk itself. She explained in this particular goat, their milk is different from most of the other goats that in the molecular structure of the milk, is such that it makes it so easily digestible that sometimes can reverse irritable bowel syndrome. She gave an example of a friend's daughter who has experienced this. She addressed the board that it's her hope that by sharing this information would help and to use it for us, for our help, and then also make the opportunity to share with friends and family.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> opened public comment. She stated that as we're taking it on public comment that you give your name and your address as you present. She stated to please present only facts, not opinions. The Z BA is charged with functioning as a quasi-judicial board, which means facts are what are important to us when we're reviewing the cases.

Chad and Lorrie Hodgdon 25 Coachman Drive, abutters to lot 17. Ms. Hodgdon said first that she wanted to start off just briefly and then my husband has some ordinance things to share. She told the board that they have been Barrington residents for 25 years and have been in this residence for 10 years. She stated that they had just met our neighbor a couple of months ago for the first time. She stated that the farm was built this past spring, just feet away from our back deck, in our backyard. She stated she has nothing against our neighbors, like I said we just met them. She stated that have nothing against animals, we love animals. Ms. Hodgdon explained it's affecting our quality of life, not only their property value, but our quality of life. They cannot open our windows in the summertime. She explained that in the spring when it gets nice out and we have a nice, beautiful day with no humidity, they cannot open our windows because the smell is

so incredibly pungent. She stated that Kelly described how she could go out into her backyard and experience serenity, they can't do that. They can't go out on our deck and have a meal with our family and BBQ anymore. She further explained, she can't go outside and read a book, it's very, very loud, very loud and very pungent. Ms. Hodgdon discussed that the Kelly's stated they have been working on waste management, either it's not working, or it's not being done because it's it's truly, truly a huge, huge influence on our life. She further went on to explain they can't afford to move out of our property right now. They are asking the board to please understand where they are coming from. Ms. Hodgdon also stated that the chickens do wander into our yard frequently, daily. She stated they know this due to the security cameras they have at their property.

Mr. Hodgdon wanted to address the board. He passed out a document that has the Town of Barrington Zoning Ordinance on it. Mr. Hodgdon explained he wanted to read the document and comment as follows:

Per sections 1.3(3), 1.3(4) and 1.6 the town of Barrington, NH, zoning ordinance states its applicability to, quote, preserve the essential character and quality of life in the community to protect property values and shall be interpreted as minimum requirements adopted for the promotion of public health, safety and welfare. And other purposes noted above, that is the quality of life and to protect property values.

Contrary to the Town of Barrington Code Enforcement Office, The Ordinance, and State of New Hampshire law, the residents of 17 Coachman Drive have violated the following requirements: State of New Hampshire Title LXII {62} Criminal Code, Section 635:3 identifying any person having the charge or custody of domestic stock or fowl knowingly, recklessly, or negligently permits the same to enter upon, pass over, or remain upon land of another without written permission of the owner shall be in violation of this code. The residents initially purchased chickens and roosters and constantly allowed them to free roam onto our property for months. Eventually, they built a wire fence to contain them, but still continue to allow them to free- roam on occasion. Mr. Hodgdon stated that he had video of them as recently as Sunday and Monday of this week.

After cutting trees, filling, and grading an area for the animals, the residents of 17 Coachman Drive erected a wire fence, and purchased goats and large geese. The current count of farm animals owned is at least two goats, three large geese, and approximately a dozen chickens and roosters. This exceeds the total number of farm animals permitted by the Town of Barrington based on property size (approximately 83,000 sq ft) per The Ordinance.

With all of these farm animals, the residents of 17 Coachman Drive chose to place them immediately adjacent to the property line abutting 25 Coachman Drive, resulting in a situation which violates Section 3.1.2 of The Ordinance by creating persistent use that is obnoxious by reason of the production or emission of odor from excessive animal waste and noise from the goats, the geese constantly screeching, and the rooster heard crowing as early as 4:00am on a daily basis.

Section 7.1 of The Ordinance is intended to prevent land or buildings from being used in any manner that would create any nuisance conditions. Section 7.1.2 of The Ordinance states, "all noise, except that generated by normal human or vehicular activity, shall be muffled so as not to be objectionable due to intermittence...or shrillness." The residents of 17 Coachman Drive have created a situation which violates this requirement.

Section 7.1.3 of The Ordinance states, "no condition or operation that will result or does result in the creation of odors such...as to interfere unreasonably with the comfort of the public shall be permitted to be established or allowed to continue." The residents of 17 Coachman Drive have created a situation where the offensive odor of animal waste (in some instances, similar to raw sewage) enters the property and dwelling of 25 Coachman Drive.

- The personal affect this situation has on Us, the residents of 25 Coachman Drive, is as flux
 - (1) Loss of Property Value The sight, sound, and smell of the animals located next to the property line and in close proximity to our yard, deck, and dwelling of 25 Coachman Drive creates a situation where, if we were to attempt to sell the property, it would be viewed as significantly less desirable and less valuable, resulting in a significant seller's disadvantage and financial loss in comparison to similar properties located in Coachman Estates.
 - (2) As abutting property owners, we cannot enjoy our yard or deck outside due to the noise and pungent odor
 - (3) As abutting property owners, we cannot open windows or sliders due to odor entering the dwelling, nor can we leave windows open in the evening due to the excessive noise during the evening or noise waking us up prior to sunrise in the morning.
 - (4) Due to the need to keep windows shut, Air Conditioners are required to be run significantly more often (resulting in increased financial cost to us) rather than having the option to open windows and receive fresh air.
 - (5) The animal pen is located directly adjacent to our well water reservoir and up-hill of our property. Potential for animal waste runoff to our property and water supply is of serious concern to us.
 - (6) These issues are a combination of the residents at 17 Coachman Drive owning farm animals in excess of the current allowance, in addition to the location where these farm animals are fenced as well as the lack of care taken to prevent noise, odor and straying animals from significantly impacting the value, use, and enjoyment of the property at 25 Coachman Drive.

As a result, we, the residents of 25 Coachman Drive, object to the request for a variance by the residents of 17 Coachman Drive and request enforcement of the current Ordinance requirements due to:

Current and repeated violations of The Ordinance for over six months by the residents of 17 Coachman Drive before and after a formal complaint was filed by Us with the Town of Barrington Code Enforcement Office and prior to the residents of 17 Coachman Drive requesting a variance to deviate from The Ordinance.

The significant effect this situation has had on the quality of life for us to be able to enjoy our own property and dwelling due to the sight, sound, and odor of the farm animals with no ability for us to control the current situation.

The financial impact this situation has been caused through increased use of air conditioners as well as the significant impact this has on the decrease of property value and property use. This refers back specifically to the applicability of the Town of Barrington zoning ordinance.

Mr. Hodgdon addressed the board to refer to the next page of the zoning map layout of 17 Coachman Drive. He went to describe the map, the location, the general location of the farm animal fencing, and its proximity to their house and deck. On the following page he referred to the highlighted in pink as the general location of the farm annual fencing and circled and highlighted in blue is the well reservoir for our property. He discussed keeping in mind that those farm animals are located uphill, so any waste runoff comes down towards our well reservoir. Mr. Hodgdon explained the last pages of the document are photos. Describing the first photo shows chickens free ranging just identification of the animals, the geese, the goats. Then he followed by the last page is up on the bottom is a picture of our front yard with the chickens in their yard without written permission. Mr. Hodgdon stated, based on those facts, that's why they reject the request for variance.

A. Simocko asked Hodgdon's, in the write up provided states that the Roosters heard growing as early as 4:00 AM on a daily basis. Yet when you spoke, you said as earlier as 4:00 AM this summer. She asked: When was the last time that you guys were affected by that?

- Mr. Hodgdon replied that the earliest we hear them now that it gets dark stays dark until about 5:00/5:30 in the morning. He stated at this point in time during the summertime, it was 4:00 AM and that's every day for about a month or two.
- A. Simocko asked the Hodgdon's: What's the distance from your deck to the pen? She didn't see a photo
 here that really shows that.
- 58 Mr. Hodgdon answered probably approximately 50 feet.
- 60 <u>A. Simocko</u> asked Hodgdon's if there well has been tested.

Mr. Hodgdon answered they have not, at this point.

- 63
 64 <u>C. Huckins</u> stated that she understands where the well has to be. It is 5 feet from the septic system and 75
- 64 <u>C. Huckins</u> stated that she understands where the well has to be. It is 5 feet from the septic system and 75 feet in the septic stem finished. She asked Hodgdon's if their well is 75 feet?

 66 66
- 67 Mr. Hodgdon answered the well itself, yes. 68

59

62

75 76

77

78

79

84

86

89

94

- 69 <u>C. Huckins</u> addressed Mr. Hodgdon stating that you also understand that if if we were to deny this, it
 70 would only result in her likely getting rid of two goats or just two goats.
 71
- John Huckins stated that if she got rid of the two goats she would be in compliance if she got rid of all the chickens and geese. Or as an alternative, she could keep the two goats and still be in compliance and get rid of the chicken or geese.
 - Mr. Hodgdon stated that he is of the understanding that there's also a provision in the ordinance that if there is an issue with noise, site and odor that there would also be required to put up privacy fencing to protect from that.
- John Huckins stated that's not quite true.
- Mr. Hodgdon stated he understands that there is verbiage that addresses that. It may not require it, but it addresses it.
- 85 <u>T. Hardekopf</u> asked if there were any additional questions from the board.
- P. Thibodeau asked when Mr. Hodgdon talked about the distant or her animals walking on your property,
 you quoted a state provision that wasn't local?
- 90 Mr. Hodgdon answered correctly.91
- John Huckins stated we have a local provision that's a selectman policy. It was adopted about four or five years ago, and that's police enforcement, not zoning.
- 95 <u>P. Thibodeau</u> asked if the regulation written in our ordinance supersedes state ordinance.
- 97 John Huckins answered it similarly.98
- 99 <u>T. Hardekopf</u> asked if there were any additional questions from the board. 100
- 101 There was no online public comment.

T. Hardekopf closed public comment.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> stated that she had a few more questions for the applicant. She asked how did the location of this current pen come about and what made you decide to use that spot?

Ms. Kelly answered that it was on our property within our lot lines and set back from the road so that the intent was to, for the safety of motorists as well as. This you know, if there were any chickens that would get loose or whatever the free ranging aspect. being back far back in the backyard, that there they would be less of a disturbance. That was the intention. She went to explain that we had an incident earlier in the spring where our neighbor's dog came into our yard and attacked the rooster. The rooster put himself in between the dog and the the hens, and he actually played dead. Which she stated she did not realize was kind of a common thing with Roosters and the dog decided to to leave. She stated that they realized that that's just animal behavior. She stated they did look at the ordinance where in regard to animals wandering and the understanding, if there was any damage like say for example, if an animal goes into say say the dog neighbor's dog comes into my yard, it starts digging up all the flowers. It's the damage that the animal causes that is reimbursable. She further went on to explain that she was hoping that there would the benefit of the the chickens in eradicating ticks would be beneficial to all my neighbors. But she

stated, I'm sure everybody has different thoughts on that.

<u>C. Huckins</u> asked if the fencing that they have now, contains the chickens and keep them on their property?

Ms. Kelly answered the younger ones are little lighter and so they fly over it. She went on to explain that she has a very good friend, not far from where we live, that she has chickens and kind of been coaching her about chicken behavior, chicken raising and so forth.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> asked the applicant that just in the Springtime, she took on the two goats, which actually caused your property to no longer be in compliance, correct? How long have the goats been around?

Larissa Mullin stated they were born in April.

133 Ms. Kelly stated she is very attached to them.

135 <u>T. Hardekopf</u> asked the applicant if they are more attached to goats than potentially the chickens and geese?

Ms. Kelly answered they all are part of the picture.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> asked the applicant: Doesn't it cost more to feed them than it does if you just bought cage free eggs? That's what I was thinking economically when we were discussing this, but it poses the question for me: Are you going about this in order to save money? She stated that it sounds like to her that it isn't necessarily the cost.

Ms. Kelly answered the availability of food sources are up and down, as what is affordable now might not be in the future.

A. Simocko addressed the applicant asking that she had mentioned she had purchased, what are called Crow callers, for your Roosters. Can you elaborate on that a little bit more? What is that?

Ms. Kelly answered the science behind the Crow caller are that they you put this, it's for lack of a better description, it's like a strip of Velcro that you put around the rooster's neck, and it's not that you're

strangulating him, but but the body posture of the rooster as they go to crow. It becomes less comfortable, so their crow is much shorter. I will say also that I don't let my geese and goats out of the barn until after 9:00 o'clock every day. There are no geese honking and you know, whatnot before 9:00 o'clock in the morning. I will grant you that and we got rid of the rooster that was loud (Checkers). We got rid of him and we're trying to manage towards gentler, quieter Roosters that can provide the same guardian ship that Checkers did a very good job of. So, the crow collars make it less comfortable for them to crow very much. The idea is that they'll not crow very much.

A. Simocko asked what have you observed in using those?

Ms. Kelly answered it has helped with her current rooster (Elvis). He doesn't crow as loud anymore or as long and ruffles. Also, he won't grow very much as it is because he's a different breed.

<u>J. Flanagan</u> asked the applicant if she checked the town ordinances before you went in this direction?

Ms. Kelly answered no, she really didn't delve into that. She stated she used the guideline from my neighbor's scenario. She stated that she did not know that Barrington had any kind of adversarial thoughts towards the keeping of chickens and geese and goats. She wasn't looking towards having herds of goats or anything just for personal use. Ms. Kelly stated that I felt that it was within reasonable standards, but the straight answer, Jackie is no, I did not.

P. Thibodeau asked Ms. Kelly: what did you mean when you said go about your neighbors' guidelines?

Ms. Kelly answered by what her experience had been, she had had problems where a neighbor and the and the property in front of her property. That the fact that she had some free roaming chickens.

P. Thibodeau asked in this same subdivision?

Ms. Kelly answered no.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> asked if there are any other free ranging animals in your subdivision?

Ms. Kelly answered she couldn't tell you. She hasn't polled the neighborhood.

C. Huckins asked it if was her intent to have the chicken free range all over?

 Ms. Kelly answered the chickens immediately followed her. She stated that she is aware that they that they do and stated that she worries if they step over that property line, that they're going to eat something unhealthy because I know my neighbors spray their yards with chemicals. She stated her concerns, but they don't generally not going two doors down or anything. There have been instances a couple instances where on the other side had had gone over the property line in the in the wooded area and the dog then chased them.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> asked if there were any motions that are to be presented by the board?

<u>P. Thibodeau</u> answered he would like to make a motion. He stated he would like to make a motion to deny the variance case 226-50-14-NR-23. The reason is the granting of this variance will result in an option of the surrounding property values. He stated the finding of fact as follows:

- It's close to or right on the boundary.
- As I walked in the backyard, the odor hit me. Then it dissipates as you're there, like any odor.

• Roosters crowing, Goats making their noise.

<u>P. Thibodeau</u> stated this case makes really loud noises, so it does result in lower values on their property. He used the example that the business he is in, if he was assigned the listing for their house, and he walked people over to their backyard and that's the commotion, started going on and the odor started going on, my buyer would be gone. It would be like we came to a subdivision to buy in a neighborhood, not on the farm. He stated he would have a hard time selling that property, and would have to reduce the price, take a lower offer, or there's somebody or find somebody that loves it.

<u>P. Thibodeau</u> stated for that reason, I make a motion to deny and to to have your property adhere to the ordinance.

T. Hardekopf asked if there was a second.

J. Flanagan seconded the motion.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> asked for a roll call vote and clarified that when you have a motion brought forward to deny, if you vote in favor of the motion, it will deny the motion. It will uphold the motion.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> this one's hard for me because I love animals, but I have to apply what is fair and substantial in reference to the zoning ordinance, and I do feel that the zoning ordinance was written exactly for this type of case. She stated that she wanted to ask the Town Planner if they could allow the homeowner up to 120 days to work on the placement as she finds appropriate for the animals.

V. Price answered it might have to do with code enforcement.

J. Huckins clarified that it comes down to the board's decision tonight. He anticipates the board could give that lenience as you're not granting them up or variance. He addressed the board stating that the board is denying this based on this, but we understand the circumstances and we're going to give you time to fix it. He stated as a board you have that authority.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> stated she would like to apply a 120-day condition to this so that the owner of the animals at this time can make an appropriate decision for her household and for her animals. In order to decide who is to be placed and how she would go about that it would be a condition.

J. Huckins clarified it's not a condition of denial because the denial was a denial would be part of the motion denying it.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> stated that we have a motion before us. We have a second and we have a vote. I do ask Mr. Thibodeau that you amend your motion to understand that both a fair and substantial relationship exists between the general public purpose of the ordinance and the provision limiting density of animals in residential zoning related to the specific application. And I do ask that you amend your motion to include 120 days for the owners of 17 Coachman to appropriately decide how to come into compliance.

The board discussed the timeframe if it should be 60 or 120 days.

250 <u>P. Thibodeau</u> stated he would agree to a 120-day amendment to the motion.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> stated we have an amendment to that that would allow 120 days to come into compliance with the numbers on the property. She asked for a second to the motion.

254 255 J.

J. Flanagan seconded the motion.

256257

Roll call for the vote.

258

The motion passed 3/2.

259 260

261 Roll Call:

262 A. Simocko-Nay

C. Huckins-Nay

J. Flanagan - Yay

P. Thibodeau-Yay

T. Hardekopf-Yay

266267

263

264265

268

B. NEW APPLICATIONS:

269270271

272273

1. 223-26-58&59-RC-23-SpecExcept (Owner: St. Hilaire Holdings, LLC) Request by applicant for a Special Exception from Article 2, Section 4.1.2 Lot Frontage to allow access to Map 223, Lots 26-58 & 26-59 from the adjacent joint driveway off Signature Drive Map 223, Lot 26-57 instead of the required frontage off of Calef Highway (Route 125) on a total of 8.77-acres in the Regional Commercial Zoning District. BY: Scott Cole, Beals Associates, PLLC; 70 Portsmouth Avenue 3rd Floor; Stratham, NH 03885.

275276

274

T. Hardekopf read the application description.

277278279

280

281

282 283

284

285

286 287

288

289 290

291

292

293 294

295

296

Scott Cole, Beals Associates, is presenting for the owner, and providing a site plan to discuss the special exception. Mr. Cole started by explaining to the board, to familiarize everyone with the property, it is located directly across the street from where we are now. The building that's under construction is the Stone Arch Development multi-use building, and on the other side of that are our two vacant properties that are currently owned by Saint Hilaire Motorsports. Currently the owner, Josh Saint Hilaire has had better opportunities, has decided not to pursue building on that site for his dealership. Mr. Cole went on to discuss the proposal to basically duplicate what you see now on his lot twice on the next two lots. It's going to be the same buildings, same parking, same garages, just more of them. In a sense, it's going to be a bigger project of the same units. Both lots actually have their legal frontage along Route 125. Mr. Cole explained the plan, and stated how everybody understands how difficult it can be to obtain a DOT permit from the state of New Hampshire at times, in most cases with 125 being a busy Rd, they usually require some kind of improvements. He explained that with this proposal, they have the ability to use the same entrance as it will be owner by the same owner. Mr. Cole went on to discuss he anticipated that he has addressed the needs of the Fire Chief that addresses safety, and there is a proposed Cistern. He stated that staff had recommended to come before the ZBA first Before going to the planning board. Mr. Cole explained he is asking for a special exception to use the driveway of the existing property next door and not have to access Route 125. He stated this keeps a controlled stop out. The properties were designed for commercial use to access this pad as it's wider, and it's safer than having to do another one down there, so that's what we're requesting to access for a driveway onto Signature through the existing property.

297298299

T. Hardekopf asked if the maintenance of that driveway would be the responsibility of Mr. O'Neill.

300 301

Mr. Cole answered yes, there will be a proposed access easement.

Mr. Cole answered not with this site plan here. T. Hardekopf asked if the lot has an entryway off of 125, a dirt entryway in that bottom left hand corner of the lot? Mr. Cole answered currently there's an existing gravel drive that'd be believable as temporary access for construction. It would have to, you know, permit when need to be all redesigned and everything for for this application. He explained within the approval of the entire subdivision back here, which these lots were derived from, we were required to leave an easement access. T. Hardekopf asked if there's access easement that was required by the planning board. Mr. Cole answered it was more of a reservation from New Hampshire DOT because once you give it up, I believe you can't get it back. T. Hardekopf asked Mr. Cole to read the justification for a special exception.

Mr. Cole read the justification for a special exception:

T. Hardekopf asked if the Department of Transportation has been asked for access from 125.

SPECIAL EXCEPTION REQUIREMENTS

THIS SECTION TO BE COMPLETED BY SPECIAL EXCEPTION APPLICANTS ONLY

Please provide evidence that the requested Special Exception complies by addressing the issues below.

1.	No detriment to property values in the vicinity of the proposed development will result on account of the location or scale of buildings, structures, parking areas, or other access ways; the emission of odors, smoke, gas, dust, noise, glare, heat, vibration, or other pollutants; or unsightly outdoor storage of equipment, vehicles, or other materials.
-	The proposed driveway coming off of Signature drive is a much better location then using Route 125 with heavy traffic.
2.	No hazard will be caused to the public or adjacent property on account of potential fire, explosion, or release of toxic materials. The special exception pertaing to the driveway location will not cause any public safety issues.
-	the special street and permitty to the different file for the state of
3.	No creation of a traffic safety hazard or substantial traffic congestion will result in the vicinity of the proposed development. The proposed drive is a better solution then using Route 125.
4.	No excessive demand on municipal services and facilities, including, but not limited to waste disposal,
-	police and fire protection, and schools. The proposed drive has no affect on municipal services.
5.	The proposed use will not result in the degradation of existing surface and groundwater quality standards, nor will it have adverse effects on the natural functions of wetlands on the site that would result in the loss of significant habitat or flood control protection.
_	The proposed driveway is designed in conjuction with the site plan and accounted for in the draiange design and will not affect wetlands.
-	OCT 2 5 2023

324 325

T. Hardekopf asked Mr. Cole about the presented Blanding turtles.

326 327

328

329 330 Mr. Cole answered that the New Hampshire, fish and game identified turtles being in the area where required. To put it on the plans came from the development of the entire subdivision in close proximity of the site. He stated that there were turtles from I believe behind the subdivision, and any ongoing applicant in regard to that subdivision needs to carry forth those regulations. He stated that when they go to the

planning board to do our new site plan application, we will also have that on the cover for the turtles.

Additionally, anything they do here is also required to go back to AOT because they have changed the previous site plan. It will be reviewed by the State.

335 <u>T. Hardekopf</u> asked Mr. Cole What would the cost be to bring the Roadway inn off of 125 versus putting in an extended driveway.

Mr. Cole has not looked at monetary figures.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> asked about Signature Drive. If there were any studies with expectation of how much more traffic these buildings would provide to that current curb cut on Signature?

Mr. Cole stated they had not. However, they know what the counts are for the existing building, so they could multiply that, but they didn't account the figures, and these are zoned commercials.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> opened public comment.

348 <u>T. Hardekopf</u> closed public comment.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> asked for a motion for a continuance as a mixed-use project the ZBA would like additional information from the fire chief and road agent on the project.

<u>P. Thibodeau</u> stated looking at the plan, they would have put that cut where the easement is shown on the plans. He asked the applicant what's the distance from Signature Drive over there is that in feet roughly from where where Signature Drive comes out now right side of your plan.

Mr. Cole answered that the existing lot line today is what we have because of Sightline just has to get across from the proposed, and approx. 30 feet.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> stated that if that is in fact how they utilize the the land, it would allow fire apparatus through the property. Her concern is to be able to ensure that they are not approving something that would not be allowed. The proposal is for potentially now 24 tenants and 24 commercial tenants do not allow for that fire apparatus to move through there and she doesn't feel comfortable making that motion without the road agent and the fire department weighing in.

John Huckins stated to <u>T. Hardekopf</u> maybe the continuance that would meet what you're looking for would be for you to have a discussion with your town's attorney, because if you grant the right to take access not from the frontage, it doesn't mean the Planning Board is forced to go to that location. The Planning Board still has the authority to say we want this road to meet safety, they're going to do a traffic count, and want the buildings to make sure the road going through meets safely. If it doesn't, they would have to go back to their front entrance to make that work. I think your concern is you're going to handicap the planning board if you grant this. He stated that I think maybe if you have a conversation with the town's attorney that if we grant this and they can't meet the site review regulations, that the Planning Board still has a right to enforce their regulations to wherever direction it takes them. This would include your fire safety, the number of the width of the road, because technically that would be a road going across those two buildings and tying together and that concern is that between them, buildings are in front of the building wide enough to handle traffic along with the parking and the buildings, the planning board would have to look at that as all part of their regulations.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> stated her motion for continuance is to be able to have a much better idea of what will be capable as far as fire apparatus. Being able to turn around within these spaces. She addressed John stating

that she understands his suggestion, but the conversation with the fire chief would be a five-minute conversation for us to be better informed.

Mr. Cole stated that it was designed to allow for a 50-foot-long tractor trailer contextually or around in totality, each building which is more than fire truck that was required in the first buildings designed. So, we designed the driveways possible and width, so he doesn't believe that's an issue.

T. Hardekopf asked Mr. Cole if he would like to be continued to the next meeting.

Mr. Cole stated that he didn't want to wait for the next meeting, but understands the board wants to continue.

V. Price states for clarification purposes for the board that she will have a staff report from the department heads for the next planning board meetings and gives a copy to the application. She can also share this information with the board if they want it.

Mr. Cole stated that is okay with the board's request for a continuance.

A motion was made by <u>T. Hardekopf</u> and seconded by <u>A. Simocko</u> to continue the case to the December 20, 2023, meeting at 7:00 PM. The motion passed 4/1.

- 403 Roll Call:
- 404 A. Simocko-Yay
- 405 C. Huckins-Yay
- 406 J. Flanagan Yay
- 407 P. Thibodeau-Nav
- 408 T. Hardekopf-Yay

2. 249-32&250-133-NR-23-SpecExcept (Owner: DWSX2 Holdings, LLC) Request by applicant for a Special Exception from Article 19, Table 1: Table of Uses for a Mixed-Use Development in the Neighborhood Residential District, to allow for a Mixed-Use Development conforming to the requirements as defined in the Zoning Ordinance. The location is at 270 Beauty Hill Road (Map 249 Lot 32 and Map 250, Lot 133) on a total of 72.04-acres in the Neighborhood Residential District.

T. Hardekopf read the application description.

Derek Small, representing DWSX2 Holdings, LLC, stated that the property in question is two parcels located at 270 Beauty Hill Rd. He explained the property and its history. He stated that in Barrington, its commonly referred to as the Old Swain farm at the top of Beauty Hill. He has resided there for six years. In 2019, with the intention of developing the property as an outdoor education ecology center to do on site visitation, they applied for and were granted a conditional use permit to operate in that zone, neighborhood residential as an educational institution, then went to the planning board for with a site plan, which was approved and now needing to modify the site plan.

- Mr. Small discussed previously they went to the planning board, they were looking at operating on the old farm property, which is 77 acres, as an ecology center farm school. They thought that they fell under the
- State's agritourism guidelines, and it would be the most appropriate way to move forward with the use of

the property. This is due to the nature of the educational programs that they do. However, through the planning board process in 2019, that they found out that one of the State's guidelines that would not be consistent with their model is the fact that they are not looking to do commercial, agricultural farming. He stated that under agritourism, the majority of the revenue from an operation has to come from agricultural products, not ancillary things such as educational experiences. They continued through the planning board process, received conditional use permit as an educational institution, and our site plan was approved at the first Planning Board meeting at the start of the COVID pandemic. He stated that the mixed use was missed until now, due to a new proposed application. The request consists of basically residential on living in the farmhouse and commercial in a zone where that is prohibited without getting a special exception from this board.

T. Hardekopf asked Mr. Small to read the five criteria for a special exception.

Mr. Small read the five criteria for a special exception from his application:



SPECIAL EXCEPTION REQUIREMENTS

THIS SECTION TO BE COMPLETED BY SPECIAL EXCEPTION APPLICANTS ONLY

Please provide evidence that the requested Special Exception complies by addressing the issues below.

1. No detriment to property values in the vicinity of the proposed development will result on account of the location or scale of buildings, structures, parking areas, or other access ways; the emission of odors, smoke, gas, dust, noise, glare, heat, vibration, or other pollutants; or unsightly outdoor storage of equipment, vehicles, or other materials. Approval of this Special Exception application is likely to appreciate property values since it will provide means and apparaintly to replace. Degreed buildings with modern situatures and otherwise tainprove the appearance. 2. No hazard will be caused to the public or adjacent property on account of potential fire, explosion, or release of toxic materials. No excess barrards will be created as the nature of the use is not
one that feature the use of toxic chemicals, explosives, etc.
 No creation of a traffic safety hazard or substantial traffic congestion will result in the vicinity of the proposed development.
Since the appeared use includes provisions to accommodate the minimal
traffic raused by the mixed use activity, no signifigent additional
traffic or congestion is expected.
4. No excessive demand on municipal services and facilities, including, but not limited to waste disposal, police and fire protection, and schools. Approval of this special exception will not besult in any excessive
demand on community althous or other municipal services
5. The proposed use will not result in the degradation of existing surface and groundwater quality standards, nor will it have adverse effects on the natural functions of wetlands on the site that would result in the loss of significant habitat or flood control protection. Due to the nature of the mixed-use activity, agreed of this special exception is expected to result in nill a positive impact on
groundwater quality surface conditions, wetland a open space habitats a stormwater management.

446 447 448

449

450

451

Mr. Small discussed that the nature of his business and of the of the site plan that was already approved, and site plan modifications that they are going to be proposing to the planning board in 2024, should not create issues that are inconsistent with a farm property in the neighborhood residential zone. They already have a plan for waste management once development of phase two is complete. He also addressed that

they already have parking provisions, lighting provisions, all that had already been addressed in the prior planning board plans. He stated there will be no detriment to property values of a butters, and looking at the structures that are there on the old Swain farm now, he stated that replacing them with more modern and more efficient and better-looking buildings and structures and the overall nature of the business and what it will bring to the community. He expressed that if nothing else, enhance the general well-being of the neighborhood and probably enhance the attractiveness of local properties in the area. He did state that he talked with the Fire Chief about making the pond that is near the front of the yard a fire pond. He discussed the traffic that it is a relatively modest development that we're looking at without large numbers of attendance, there may be a school bus for a field trip, or a few cars for a lecture, or for a business chamber meeting. He discussed there may be after hours events.

461 462 463

464

452

453

454

455

456

457 458

459

460

Mr. Small continued to explain to the board that there is an already approved site plan that had provisions for stormwater management and so on. He stated they are looking at going to the planning board to revise to actually reduce significantly the impact on the environment.

465 466 467

T. Hardekopf asked if there is an active approval, or has it expired?

468 469

John Huckins stated no, it's already approved.

470 471

Mr. Small stated that Phase One (from the Planning Board) is completed and vested.

472 473

474

475

V. Price addressed the board by stating that the applicant has come in to has discussed that he wanted to come in to redo his site plan. He does have an approved site plan for the prior application. The plan was phased out, and he completed phase one. But the new application that he is going to present to the planning board would be different.

476 477 478

John Huckins stated the current site plan is now vested.

479 480

T. Hardekopf asked if his current plan with the planning board allows him to operate a business in a residential area?

481 482

483

484

485

V. Price answered that for the educational institution he has a CUP (Conditional Use Permit), and it runs with the land, and will continue to run with the land. She stated as far as the planning board plans, once he submits a new plan and that gets signed off by the Planning Board chair, the current plan would no longer be active.

486 487 488

489 490

491

John Huckins stated that he could explain what was missing from the original application was the residential house being left on the property, which makes the property a mixed use. When the (2019) plan was introduced to the planning board. He stated through the process of the negotiations with the Planning Board, the Planning Board didn't feel that it was that agricultural. They approved it as an educational facility and not as agritourism.

492 493 494

P. Thibodeau asked how did they went from residential zone to commercial?

495 496

497 498

499

500

John Huckins stated that commercial is allowed with the conditional use permit. Mixed use is not allowed. He continued to explain that when it went to commercial, the idea that the residence was there got missed because the application was for that agriculture agritourism, which residential buildings can be there. The Planning Board stated that they didn't believe it was a farm, but it's more of an educational use. The residential wasn't picked up. Their approval included both (residential and commercial), so it's been way past the 30 days for the appeals. Therefore, approval still stands because it's about three years old. The applicant is here for mixed-use.

503 <u>T. Hardekopf</u> asked Mr. Small if he was not going to live on the property before, but now he intends to?

Mr. Small stated that it was always the intention to live on the property and operate on the property. The residence was shown on the plan.

John Huckins addressed the board stating that his approval is basically a mixed-use approval because of what it was, but it was missed during the the hearing process because the application changed. He he's got approved for, he's allowed to continue because the appeal process, like I said before, is gone. Therefore, it's a legally vested educational facility where the residents on.

<u>P. Thibodeau</u> asked what is the question before us?

Mr. Huckins explained he would like to make a mixed use.

V. Price stated the applicant is proposing a new application, and to be in compliance he should ask for a mixed use.

520 <u>P. Thibodeau</u> stated that the residential use was missing years ago, and a new proposed site plan before the Planning Board.

V. Price stated a new proposed site plan will be before the planning board, because he came to our office to talk about it.

P. Thibodeau state it has nothing to do with farm animals.

Mr. Small stated that he has already been operating and doing it. He taught a a home school class the other day on the property and we lived there. He stated that it's been all during COVID, and it was something that was missing.

<u>P. Thibodeau</u> stated he understands it would be going backwards in time to allow the resident mixed use of the property instead of just the commercial use which was there because that house has been there. He asked how long the house has been there.

Mr. Small stated there isn't a record. It's been the Swain residence in a commercial farm for 300 years.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> asked if Mr. Small was you changing the business model from what he was originally approved of. She also asked if he plans on changing the use other than what they currently see before the board.

V. Price stated the plan before you is what he is planning on doing.

Mr. Small stated that the progress sketch (Plan submitted) reflects a greatly environmentally reduced impact for the development. He stated he was encouraged to have some sort of a schematic so that the board could see at least the very front part of the 77 acres and those colored buildings are theoretical proposed education buildings that are against subject to change, but that's something that we're working on for the planning board. Mr. Small wanted to reiterate, they're here for the special exception for the use.

V. Price stated it's a completely new site plan from what he's been approved for before.

Mr. Huckins stated that the question of whether the use is going to change.

Mr. Small stated there will be farm animals on the property. It will always involve animals to some degree, and he doesn't think that it would be safe or responsible to expect an ecology center and an education building that features live animals, not to have even for just safety and security, somebody resident on the property.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> asked about the buses shown on the plan, if the site was going to allow for students.

Mr. Small stated yes that is the intent to provide small school field trips.

J. Flanagan asked about the operating hours.

Mr. Small stated that was approved at the Planning Board.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> opened public comment.

Chris Blake, 77 Gigi Lane, Evergreen, C). He is a Connecticut licensed attorney. He is there to represent Mr. Harvey Hubbell, who is an abutter to the to the applicant. Mr. Hubble, in addition to owning roughly 40 acres abutting a budding, the applicant has a farm in Connecticut on which he does the farm education programs. On his behalf, I'm here to support this application for a special exception from the Town of Barrington's zoning, planning and zoning regulations. He stated, also, in support of that supported that our farm manager, Mr. Steven Casal manages the farm and the educational aspects on Mr. Hubble's property in Connecticut. He is an expert in these areas and he's here to speak in support of this as well, and that's all he has to say and this is any questions for him, he would defer to to Mr. Cassell.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> asked if he had submitted a letter to be able to speak on behalf of the abutter.

V. Price stated she has not received anything.

Mr. Blake stated he would submit one if needed.

V. Price asked if Mr. Blake could submit one to the Land Use Department for the record.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> asked the board and staff if they were aware if there are any other mixed-use properties in this area of Beauty Hill, that's agriculture.

Staff stated no.

590 <u>T. Hardekopf</u> asked if this is granted, it follows the property forever.

V. Price stated Yes.

<u>T. Hardekopf</u> addressed the board if anyone else felt they would like a legal opinion.

Mr. Small stated he thought that a variance stayed with the property forever, but a special exception could be contingent on the educational use permit and that if the company ceased to operate than the special use permit ceased to exist and thus the commercial aspect of the mixed use ceased to exist. That was his understanding. He stated that maybe he misunderstood and there was also some discussion that this this board could impose a limitation like it's conditional to this business and if this business stops then the mixed-use authorization also expires.

V. Price stated that is correct.

604 John Huckins stated that he was correct. 605 606 T. Hardekopf closed public comment. 607 T. Hardekopf addressed the applicant stating that she wants to be 100% correct as the board is making a 608 motion that it's going to stick for you and not be something 5hat can be contested in any way. She 609 610 motioned that she would like to continue the case until December and receive consult legal. She asked the board if they would be comfortable with it and asked for a second to the motion. 611 612 613 P. Thibodeau seconded the motion. 614 615 A motion was made by <u>T. Hardekopf</u> and seconded by <u>P. Thibodeau</u> to continue the case to the December 20, 2023, meeting at 7:00 PM. The motion passed unanimously. 616 617 **Roll Call:** 618 A. Simocko-Yay 619 620 C. Huckins-Yay J. Flanagan - Yav 621 P. Thibodeau-Yay 622 623 T. Hardekopf-Yay 624 T. Hardekopf addressed Mr. Small he wanted his concurrence with the request for continuance, as the 625 626 reason that she wanted legal to weigh in on this is because she anticipates the Board is doing something backwards (by granting the mixed use) and need to be sure that what they are doing is appropriate, and 627 that it's not going to then put him in a situation where someone's going to contest it and come back and 628 629 request something else of ZBA. 630 631 Mr. Small was in agreement. 632 5. REVIEW AND APPROVAL OF MINUTES 633 A. Review and approve minutes of the October 18, 2023, meeting. 634 A motion was made by T. Hardekopf and seconded by P. Thibodeau to approve the minutes of the October 635 636 18, 2023; meeting minutes as written. The motion passed 4/1. 637 638 **Roll Call:** 639 A. Simocko-Yav 640 C. Huckins-Yay J. Flanagan - Abstain 641 642 P. Thibodeau-Yav T. Hardekopf-Yay 643 644 6. STAFF UPDATES -TOWN PLANNER 645 V. Price gave update to Proposed Zoning Amendments. The Planning board finished their draft on 646

• Monday November 13, 2023; First day to accept petitioned zoning amendments.

O V. Price stated at this time, we have not received any.

November 14, 2023, for legal review.

A. Planning Board Proposed Zoning Amendments

647

648

649

• Wednesday December 13, 2023; Last Day to accept petitioned zoning amendments. 651 The Planning Board will hold public hearings in January. 652 V. Price Stated that the first Public Hearing date is to be on January 9, 2023. 653 654 7. OTHER BUSINESS THAT MAY PROPERLY COME BEFORE THE BOARD 655 A. Zoning Board 2024 Meeting Dates. V. Price discussed the Zoning Board meeting dates, every third Wednesday in 2024 unless there 656 are no cases. The Board was given a set of dates for 2024. 657 P. Thibodeau stated he might be out of state for the next meeting, and if he could remote in. 658 659 V. Price stated that always welcome to participate and vote, however, to have a quorum, we need to have 660 a quorum in person. P. Thibodeau asked if the Board could get a copy of the Planning Board proposed zoning amendments. 661 662 V. Price stated she would send a copy out to the board members via email but would not be the legal 663 reviewed copy. 664 8. ADJOURN A. Adjourn the Zoning Board of Adjustment (ZBA) Meeting. Next ZBA meeting date is 665 December 20, 2023, at 7:00 P.M. 666 667 A motion was made by A. Simocko and seconded by C. Huckins to adjourn the November 15, 668 2023, meeting at 8:47 p.m. The motion passed unanimously. 669 **Roll Call:** 670 A. Simocko-Yav 671 C. Huckins-Yay 672 J. Flanagan - Yay 673 P. Thibodeau-Yay 674 T. Hardekopf-Yay 675 676 ** Please note that all votes that are taken during this meeting shall be done by Roll Call vote. ** 677 678 Visitor Orientation to the Zoning Board of Adjustment Meeting Welcome to this evening's Zoning Board of Adjustment meeting. 679 680 Copies of agendas and a sign-in sheet are available for visitors. 681 682 **Meeting Access** 683 **In-Person Remote Meeting Participation** Town Hall (New 1/4 mile from Old Town Hall) 684 Video: barrington.nh.gov/zbmeeting Call in via computer <u>+1 603-664</u>-0240, 514518321# 685 Main Meeting Room 686 4 Signature Drive Barrington, NH 03825 687 **Meeting Materials** 688 Additional details regarding each agenda item and all supporting documentation can be found online at 689 https://www.barrington.nh.gov/zoning-board-adjustment. Please contact the Land Use department with any questions 690 via phone at (603) 664-5798 or email at planning@barrington.nh.gov. Files on the applications and items, above, 691 including the full text of any proposed ordinances, regulations, or other initiatives are available for inspection in the 692 Land Use Department Office, Monday through Thursday from 8:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.

Special Accommodations

The Town of Barrington requires 48 hours' notice if the meeting must be modified for your participation or if special communication aides are needed. Please submit requests to the Land Use Department office via phone at (603) 664-5798 or email at planning@barrington.nh.gov.

698

699

700

701

702

